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n. Straw Hats! Im-

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXVI

ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 18, 1893.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

WHO WILL IT BE?

There Are Said to Be Many Aspirants
for the Marshalship.

NOBODY CAN PICK THE WINNER,

But the Indications Seem to Be That
Colonel Renfroe Has the Inside.

THE PRESIDENT LISTENS TO LIVINGSTON

And Promises to Look Into the Couvens
Postoffice Papers—News of the
Day in Washington.

Washington, May 17.—(Special)—Now
who will the marshal be?

That is the question the Georgians in
Washington are asking one another and tel-
egrams received here indicate that the same
question is being quite freely asked in
Georgia.

The Constitution and the people have
whipped their fight and, as I have already
told in these dispatches, Buck will go just as
soon as a successor can be determined upon.
Buck has sent in a resignation to take effect
the last of June, but the probability is
that the arch offensive partisan will not be
allowed to draw good democratic money
much longer. The work of Judge Crisp,
Postmaster General Bissell has announced
a decision that has caused much muttering
of discontent among the congressmen. It
is to the effect that no fourth-class postmas-
ter will be removed whether he has served
four years or longer without charges are
preferred against him. The congressmen
object to this because there are many good
and honest men among republican postmas-
ters against whom no charges can be made.
And again, it is disagreeable work to look
up evidence and file written charges against
hundreds of postmasters in one's district.
The order is a very unpopular one. Indeed,
so much so, that Mr. Bissell will probably be
forced to repeal it. It would mean the per-
manent retention of thousands of republican
postmasters who happen to be good men
above reproach and against whom nothing
can be said except that they are republicans.
Under this rule they would hold on for life,
or as long as the postoffice remained of the
successor, and that may be settled very
soon.

The three Georgia congressmen in town
have been attempting to agree upon some
man for the marshalship upon whom all
the other members of the delegation would
unit. They have telegraphed to several
of the congressmen at home and are awaiting
replies. Much, however, de-
pends upon who the senators agree.

The moment the delegation agrees upon
a man, the president will make the change,
and he is desirous that the delegation shall
lose no time in getting together. Any good
man in Georgia who would get the endorse-
ment of the two senators could have the
delegation in the house go with them and the
appointment would be made. The im-
pression here is that Colonel Renfroe has
the best chance, though it is not impossible
that the president may after all appoint
Colonel Dismuke. This is not probable,
however. The why or wheresofores he did
not state, but he told Messrs. Moses and
Livingston yesterday that he did not want
to appoint him and did not
intend to. Sometimes, however, the
president is inclined to change his
mind. Both Messrs. Moses and Living-
ston told the president that they agreed
on the Constitution that the removal of
Buck at once was more important to the
people of Georgia than the appointment
of any man to his place. The people of
the state would be satisfied with any good
man.

The question now is, when will the delega-
tion get together? It all depends upon
the senators and members at home. The
candidates are losing no time in putting in
their claims. Many men from all parts of
the state have wired to the three members
here today and have doubtless communicated
with those at their homes.

It is not impossible that some of them
will be here within a day or two, and the
fight may become so hot that it will bring
Senator Gordon and some of the members
back to Washington.

The Livingston-Smith Row.

The president has taken a hand in the
Livingston-Smith fight. For several days
Mr. Moses has been attempting to bring
about an understanding between Secretary
Smith and Colonel Livingston, but the feel-
ing between them was too bitter for any-
thing of that kind, though when they meet
they bow and exchange the usual courtesies.
Colonel Livingston called upon the president
this morning and laid bare the matter before
him. He went over the Couvens post-
office case and requested that the president
examine the papers, hear the evidence from
both sides, and when he was convinced that he
would agree to have the case reopened. He
further stated that Mr. Smith could
interfere in the matter of appointments in
his district, he would make no further
recommendations. He did not intend to sub-
mit to such interference. The president
agreed to have the papers in the case brought
to the white house for examination by him-
self and stated that he would do the correct
thing. Then Mr. Livingston called upon the
postmaster general with a request that he
likewise examine into the matter of Mr.
Weaver's appointment during his absence
and before he had time to file the pa-
pers of the other applicants. Mr. Bissell
agreed that he would take the papers to
the president and that he would decide the
case upon the merits. It's possible that the
matter was under discussion by the
president and postmaster tonight and that
they will make a decision tomorrow. Colonel
Livingston's friends believe that the case will
be reopened in order to allow Colonel Liv-
ington opportunity to file the other appli-
cations he has. Then all the papers will
be examined and appointment made. Of
course, it will be a victory for Colonel Liv-
ington, but it has not yet been decided upon,
though the president says there shall be no
more interference by Mr. Smith in Colonel
Livingston's postoffice. Tomorrow will
probably decide the matter. Colonel Liv-
ington refuses to say anything about the
case tonight, but said he would probably have
a statement to make tomorrow.

The Right Kind of Democrat.

Judge Lockren, commissioner of pensions,
is a democrat of the old school. He an-
nounced today that in appointing medical
examining boards in the various states he
would select all those examiners in each
board from the ranks of the democracy.

The party has committed itself to re-
forming the pension list; he is quoted as saying,
"and there is no better way of mak-
ing a start than by having only democ-
rats in the Braided

but took Trade by

itself. We must be
about both. First
is quality right? Then
go ahead and put our
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and consider how to
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Spring Clothing at
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The Right Kind of Democrat.

KNIGHTS WIND UP.

They Elect Officers and Staff Officers for the Uniform Rank.

AUGUSTA DIVISION WON FIRST PRIZE,

With Savannah Second and the Brunswick Division Third.

A BRILLIANT BANQUET LAST NIGHT.

The Convention Was in Every Respect a Great Success—Other News of the Day in the Central City.

ATLANTA, GA., May 17.—(Special)—The grand lodge of Knights of Pythias met in session again this morning at 10 o'clock at the grand lodgeroom on Mulberry street. Much routine business was transacted. The most interesting business to the public was the election of officers for the ensuing year and the selection of a place for the meeting of the grand lodge next year. The following officers were elected:

R. M. Hunt, of Augusta, grand chancellor. Hamilton Douglass, of Atlanta, grand vice chancellor.

Dr. Underwood, of Rome, grand prelate.

Charles A. Cox, of Savannah, grand master of chequer.

William T. Leopold, of Savannah, grand keeper of records and seals.

I. Zacharias, of Bainbridge, grand master of arts.

W. W. Woodruff, of Millen, grand inner guard.

J. Stywald, of West Point, grand outer guard.

Supreme representative to the grand lodge of the United States, which meets at Washington city, Dr. J. C. Carlton, of Macon. This is a high honor to Mr. Carlton, who has for many years been a zealous and faithful knight and is one of the most popular members of the order in the state. He has ably and worthily held the position of grand chancellor of Georgia.

At 12 o'clock the grand lodge adjourned until 3 o'clock this afternoon. On adjourning at noon the grand lodge and all divisions of the uniformed rank formed in procession, headed by a brass band, and marched to the Pythian castle, which is in process of erection on Mulberry street, to attend the ceremonies of laying the corner stone. A large gathering of knights and people generally had collected there.

Laying the Corner Stone.

The exercises were opened by the newly elected grand chancellor, R. W. Hunt, in a very impressive manner and, after reciting a few appropriate words, why the knights had gathered together, announced that prayer would then be offered by Grand Prelate Underwood.

The next feature on the programme was putting into the corner stone the box containing various things usually deposited on such an occasion. The box was deposited by the secretary of the local building association, Sir Knight William P. Correll.

The grand chancellor then introduced Hon. John P. Ross, judge of the city court of Marion, who delivered the dedicatory address. Judge Ross spoke eloquently and appropriately and his remarks were frequently greeted with applause. The benediction was then pronounced by the grand prelate and the crowd dispersed. The new Pythian castle is being erected by the different lodges of the city. It will be a large and very handsome building and is splendidly situated.

The competitive drill of the divisions of the uniformed rank was witnessed after noon at Central Park in the presence of an immense crowd of spectators. The drilling was pronounced exceedingly fine and the contest was very close. The uniform rank presented a splendid appearance and each division rendered a loud cheer from the galleries and multitude who were witness to the different evolutions. The judges of the contest were Captain Hardeman, of Macon; Captain Walker, of Savannah, and Captain Van Riper, of Americus.

The Augusta division, Captain H. C. Hall, grand master, won first prize, \$200, scoring 96 points; Teutonia, division of Savannah, Captain Juchter, won second prize, \$100, scoring 95 points; Oglethorpe division, of Brunswick, Captain Newman, won third prize, \$50, scoring 91 points.

Quite a number entered in the individual drill. The winners were W. T. Leopold, of Savannah, \$25, first prize; George Stroberg, of Augusta, second prize, \$10; A. J. Winkler, of Macon, third prize, \$5.

The following regimental officers of uniform rank were elected today:

Colonel J. C. Printup, of Etowah division, No. 11; Rome; major, R. A. Ware, of Macon; division No. 1; major, A. W. Wainwright, of Bainbridge; No. 1, Savannah; major, W. H. Harrison, Gate City division, No. 5; Atlanta; surgeon, James P. Smith; quartermaster, Julius Prager; adjutant, C. P. Hornold.

Captain Hardeman, of Atlanta, declined to accept the mastership and W. U. Underwood, of Rome, was elected in his place.

The principal social features of the day consisted in a dance, reception and barbecue at Central Park this afternoon and the famous dog show, which was given to the public at the grand lodge, which was pronounced one of the most brilliant affairs ever given in the state. The grand lodge adjourned this evening and the knights will leave tomorrow all delighted with their visit to Macon.

State City Division.

The Gate City division of the uniform rank has attracted a great deal of attention. It drills well under command of Captain Carrier. The division has been highly congratulated on winning the \$100 prize yesterday for having the largest number of men in line.

The division assumed a fine appearance at dress parades and, but for a short time in reorganizing, would have entered for the second or third prize today. They would have been unable to enter at all except for the personal effort of Adjutant Wooten and his staff. The division, however, and in response to Gate City, was allowed a place in line. Atlanta owes many thanks to Adjutant Wooten and Captain Dilman, which the sir knights will not be slow to recognize in the future.

THE GRAND JURY'S ENDORSEMENT.

To the Proposition to Build a New Bridge over the Ocmulgee.

Macon, Ga., May 17.—(Special)—It seems that the proposition to build a new bridge over the Ocmulgee river is being very generally endorsed by the public and

official bodies. Today the following resolutions were offered and passed by the grand jury:

Resolved, That this grand jury approve building of a bridge over the Ocmulgee river at the site of First or any other street which may be decided upon by the commissioners of the county, and recommends that the same be built, and the county commissioners submit to a vote of the people the question of issuing bonds to build the bridge.

Resolved, That the commissioners and commissioners be embodyed in the presentations of this grand jury.

A. L. WOOD, Secretary Grand Jury.

Passed May 17, 1883.

Justice Howell Jackson

It is not altogether improbable that the trial of the Central railroad case by Justice Howell Jackson may be transferred from Atlanta next week to Macon. An effort will probably be made to get to do this, as Macon is the proper place to do this, as the celebrated Roseveare case commenced, and it is here that the bulk of the litigation has been conducted. Macon is also the central point of the Central railroad.

Hammond and Tracy.

Hon. N. J. Hammond, of Atlanta, who has been engaged by Receiver Comer to assist the other Central railroad lawyers in the Central's law cases, into which the Central has become involved, spent several hours in the city today informing himself in regard to the litigation. He had a conference with Judge Speer. Receiver Comer appointed Colonel Hammond a few days ago under the order of Judge Speer to succeed Receiver Comer to Tracy additional counsel.

The Constitution's correspondent is informed that ex-Secretary Tracy, of New York, has been employed by the reorganization committee of the Central railroad, as its attorney in the place of Mr. Lowry, recently deceased. Mr. Tracy is one of the ablest lawyers in the United States.

The Presbyterians.

The general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church will convene in Macon tomorrow at 11 o'clock at the First Presbyterian church. The Presbyterians will be preached by Rev. Dr. S. A. King, of Texas. A large number of delegates arrived tonight. There will be fully five hundred preachers at the assembly from all parts of the south.

News Notes.

Mrs. Price, mother of Mayor Price, is not expected to live through the night. She has been ill for several weeks.

Policeman Bob Sheridan received a telegram today that his son, an engineer, was killed in a collision at Little Rock, Ark. He went to Atlanta to meet the body.

A STUDENT'S SUICIDE.

Mr. Ed Hamrick Shoots Himself—No Cause for the Act Given.

Newnan, Ga., May 17.—(Special)—Edward G. Hamrick, a young man well known in the county, a law student, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself with a pistol.

The deed was committed about half past 8 o'clock at the house of his father, Rev. H. W. Hamrick, who resides at Sargent's, seven miles west of Newnan. One bullet entered the left breast just below the heart and he sent the other crashing through his brain. Either would have produced death. He lingered nearly three hours, but was unconscious to the last.

He left a note stating that he had for several days meditated the rash act, but asigned no cause other than he was tired of life. It is believed that he was suffering from temporary aberration, as his actions for several days prior to the tragic occurrence were somewhat eccentric. He was twenty-two years of age and unmarried.

A HUSBAND AND A SWEETHEART.

Augusta, Woman's Eldest Love Deserves Her Mind.

Augusta, Ga., May 17.—(Special)—Mrs. Tutherville wanted to drown herself this afternoon in the river at the foot of Campbell street. She appeared greatly troubled about something and said she was going to throw herself in the water. She first tried to drown herself with a fine little six-months-old baby. Her mother soon followed her and dissuaded her from her rash course. The mother was quite talkative and said her daughter was married to a man at the glass works, but also had a sweetheart. This did not please her husband and a row followed their meeting at a house up town this morning. The sweetheart went off and either jumped into the canal or the young woman heard the rumor, and she immediately told her husband and mother that if she could not save her sweetheart any more she would drown herself. Her husband reproached her and left her and she attempted suicide. Several people near the river aided her mother in taking to the poor woman and persuading her to return home.

SUDDEN DEATH IN CARROLL.

The Father of Jimmie Cook, the Boy Preacher, Dies Suddenly.

Carrollton, Ga., May 17.—(Special)—Mr. E. A. Cook, father of Jimmie Cook, the boy preacher, died very suddenly at his home near Clem's Hill, Carrollton, this city, yesterday evening. Coroner G. H. Cole was sent for this morning to hold an inquest. Mr. Cook was alone at the time of his death. A neighbor saw him chop wood a few days previous to his death, discovered to be dead by his daughter on her return from a visit. A few days previous to his death he told his daughter that he would not live long. He was subject to straining. The verdict of the coroner's jury was that he died of natural causes.

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A WHITE MAN MURDERED.

He Was Quarreling with One Negro When Another One Killed Him.

Waycross, Ga., May 17.—(Special)—M. J. Brown, a white employee of the Nichols Manufacturing Company, was brutally murdered at his home, No. 11, on the Waycross Airlane, last night by a desperate negro named Merchel.

Brown was having a quarrel with another negro and when the difficulty was at its height Merchel stepped forward, cursed him and deliberately shot him with his pistol, killing him instantly.

The negro, who was in hot pursuit of the murderer, A reward of \$200 is offered for the capture of Merchel. Brown was a respectable white man and the cold-blooded murder has created a sensation in that community. Merchel is a notorious negro and if found will probably resist arrest to the bitter end.

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THE PRESBYTERIANS. DIOCESE OF GEORGIA.

Two Great Bodies of Them to Meet This Morning.

THE SOUTHERN ASSEMBLY IN MACON,

And the Northern Assembly in New York. Momentous Questions Before the Assemblies—Dr. Briggs's Case.

Washington, May 17.—Two great ecclesiastical bodies representing considerably over 1,000,000 communicants of the Presbyterian church in the country will meet today. The general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America will meet in the New York Avenue Presbyterian church, Washington, D. C., and the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States will meet in the First Presbyterian church, Atlanta, Ga.

The two bodies thus distinguished by a slight difference of title that seems to leave each claiming to be the sole general representative body of the Presbyterian church in that republic, really represent the two great branches of that church, whose division as yet is geographical rather than doctrinal.

The two bodies were originally formed by the northern and southern assemblies of which bodies is a silent memorial of the civil

conflict raging in this country from 1861 to 1865.

The two assemblies will include delegates from every state and territory in the Presbyterian church, and the existence of two.

The line of division famous between the two jurisdictions is as near as may be the line of the border between the two churches in some of the border states immediately below the line are represented in the northern church as are some negro churches in the far south.

The Presbyterian church of the north numbers about 820,000 communicants, distributed among 4,000 congregations, with 1,500 ministers.

The territory included within the church is divided into 220 presbyteries, including what may be styled the Missionary Presbyteries.

The Presbyterian church south, numbers nearly 200,000 communicants scattered over the whole territory from Virginia to Texas.

This body is divided into 200 presbyteries. It numbers 2,572 churches, 1,233 ministers, and 7,850 elders. The southern church continues to be decentralized, and about 2,000,000 people are represented by 2,000 ministers.

It is a growing body peculiarly strong in those parts of the south settled by Scotch and Scotch-Irish immigrants.

Francis MacKenzie, the greatest founder of Presbyterianism in the United States, established his earliest church, not more than 20 years ago, upon the western borders of Maryland and Virginia, and a slave had a slaveholder in Accomack county, on the eastern shore.

It is now, however, that the group of Presbyteries established in the Blackwater now belong to the northern assembly.

The two great Presbyterian bodies always come together at the same time, and make a telegraphic expression of brotherly good-will.

They have a joint committee on union, and at one time and another strenuous efforts have been made to bring the two bodies together.

It is unlikely that the question of union will attract much attention in either assembly this year, and it is possible that the action of the northern assembly will be upon important questions coming before it may create such a doctrinal disagreement between the two bodies as shall leave them further than ever apart.

—Southern Church.

The southern church is a much more conservative body of Christians than the northern, and as yet is not seriously disturbed by doctrinal questions that are even now pressing the minds of the people of the north. It thus happens that the assembly of the northern church is exciting more interest than that of the southern because of momentous questions coming before the northern body.

The one hundred and fifth assembly of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America probably will be called upon to promulgate an amended "confession of faith" as the Presbyterians are called to pass final judgment upon the charge of heresy, brought against the Rev. Charles A. Briggs, D. D., of Union Theological Seminary, New York, in connection with the future official relation of that seminary to the church.

The general assembly of 1859 submitted to the 220 presbyteries for a revision of the creed, and the presbyteries have for some time past been doing their best to appoint a committee of six who will confer with the bishops to this end. They will be announced later and will make their report to this convention.

North Carolina Episcopalians.

Raleigh, N. C., May 17.—(Special.)—The Protestant Episcopal convention of the diocese of North Carolina has been held here. Dr. C. M. Marston, of Raleigh, was elected president and Rev. Julian E. Ingle, secretary. The sermon was preached by Rev. Franklin C. Tracy, and the service was delivered. He declared that the church must broaden and modernize its work or die.

He also called for an immediate and radical revision of the church's liturgy, for an assembly of the bishops and clerical laity in place of the general assembly.

He noted the deaths of two of the clergy and the impression which was made upon the church.

The service last night was the essential part of the proposed changes upon infant baptism, and the condition non-ecclesiastical. Those who favor revision wish to have inserted in the confession of faith such a clause as will make it possible for the Presbyterian church to believe that the unbaptized infants of heretic parents do not share in the benefits of salvation.

At the conclusion of the sermon the gospel hymn was sung and a lady who was seated in the congregation stepped to the front and made a public acknowledgement of her faith. The incident was very interesting and perhaps the Presbyterian, north or south, will have the opportunity of inspecting the unchristian bairns of the Puritan. The number of communicants of the church in the state is not known.

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THE CROP BULLETIN.

Cotton is Dying from the Want of Sunshine and Warmth.

WATERMELONS GRADUALLY IMPROVING.

The Fruit Crop in Some Portions of the State Below the Average—The Bud Worm Still on Hand.

Director Park Morrill turns up on schedule time with the weather crop bulletin for the past week. A pretty bad condition of affairs in regard to vegetation exists in many parts of the state.

In the northwest section of the state there are numerous complaints of cotton dying on account of the cold and cloudy weather, and on many plantations the damage has been so great that the crop must either be replanted or the fields plowed up and put into something else. The cold winds and rain have also damaged the fruit in this section to a considerable extent.

In the western portion of the state the reports are to the contrary, although no scarcity of showers is reported. The second plowing of cotton is in progress, and chopping is half completed. The ravages of the worms is something out of the ordinary in this part of the state, but not so bad as in some portions.

In the eastern portion of the state the weather has kept back the plowing for a few days, but everything is in ship shape now.

Garden truck and sugarcane are doing well.

In the southern section of the state the weather is especially favorable, but corn and cotton are not in the same condition.

Watermelons are forming nicely on the vines and give promise of being more plentiful than was at first expected. Inland rice is still being planted and potato slips are still being set out.

Weather Crop Bulletin No. 7.

From the northwest section come numerous and general cotton dying on account of the cold and cloudy weather. On some plantations the damage has been so great that the crop must either be replanted or the fields plowed up and put into something else. The rain has been retarded. On the higher and drier lands early corn is being plowed in, and grain and grass small grain and corn about normal. Oats doing well, but the ground is too wet to be worked and nights too cold. Insect ravages increasing because of excessive wet weather. Farm work behind.

weather of the past week has been of great benefit to all growing crops. Oats, especially, are greatly improved.

During the past week the work going on in the fair and pleasant weather. All crops are in a prosperous condition. Weather has been too dry for setting out sweet potato.

Warren—Crops where worked are doing well, though it has been too cold and wet for cotton to grow fast, and are still working down, both in cotton and corn.

Severn—The early part of the week was quite cold, which was not favorable for the rapid growth of cotton; other crops, however, were in fair condition. Warmer weather is very much needed.

Quiettown—The east winds have been hurtful to the crops.

Cotton looks well, and gardens also.

Oats are ready to cut and are very good.

Sunter—Cotton is small but strong. Cotton chopping is being moved to completion.

Watermelons are coming. Gardens are in fine condition.

Second plowed corn is being plowed down the second time and is generally about waist high. Some complaints of bugs in corn. Oats are much improved by showers during the week.

Brierwood—Crops are all somewhat backward on account of cold nights. Watermelons are still in blossom, and cotton seems to be about ready to harvest. Fruit is shedding but the crop will be fair.

Candler—The rainfall was about the same as last week, and was well distributed, while of sunshine there was n't much. All crops are in excellent condition and give promise of a fair yield.

Cotton are in fine condition, though worms are still troubling corn. Cotton and corn have both been thoroughly finished plowing.

PARK MORRILL.

Atlanta, Ga., May 16, 1883.

Crops in Alabama.

Montgomery, Ala., May 17.—(Special.)—The weekly government report of Professor E. H. Miller, director at Auburn, Ala., to-night says: Rainfall was considerable above normal, temperature slightly below, sunshine below normal. There was an excessive rainfall in nearly all portions of Alabama, bottom lands still badly flooded, and swamps. Cotton growth delayed in lawns, and grass small grain and corn about normal. Oats doing well, but the ground is too wet to be worked and nights too cold. Insect ravages increasing because of excessive wet weather. Farm work behind.

LEMON FLIXIE.

A Pleasant Lemon Tonic.

For biliousness, constipation, malaria, colds and the grip.

For indigestion, sick and nervous headache.

For sleeplessness, nervousness and heart disease.

For fever, chills, debility and kidney disease, take Lemon Elixir.

Ladies, gentlemen and thorough organic results, take Lemon Elixir.

Dr. Moyer's Lemon Elixir is prepared from the fresh juice of lemons, combined with other vegetable liver tonics, and will not fall you in any of the above named diseases. 50c. and \$1 bottles at druggists.

Prepared only by Dr. H. Moyer, Atlanta, Ga.

LEMONHOT DROPS.

Cures all coughs, colds, hoarseness, sore throat, bronchitis, hemorrhages, and all throat and lung diseases. Excellent reliable.

25 cents at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Moyer, Atlanta, Ga.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Of Entire Stock of Dry Goods, Etc.

I will sell upon the premises of No. 100 Whitehall street, city of Atlanta, on Saturday next, May 20th, at 12 o'clock m., the entire stock of dry goods, boots, shoes, hats, clothing, mackintoshes, umbrellas, etc., etc., etc., and store room of Boylan & Fagan, under foreclosure of mortgages, by special order of judge of superior court.

The same will be sold in bulk to the highest bidder for cash. J. J. Barnes, Sheriff. 5-16 17 18 19.

TODAY Goods & Wreck Sell at Auction

at 4 p. m. 4-room house, 2-room house and vacant lot, corner W. Mitchell and Chestnut streets. Free ride from our office in 330 W. Hunter street car.

Angustura Bitters cures colic, fever and ague and indigestion. The genuine manufactured only by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. All druggists keep them.

For Rent.

The second story of The Constitution building. Would prefer tenant to occupy whole floor without partitioning into rooms.

Electric lights and heating complete.

Entire building adapted for manufacturing plant, centrally located, bridge or Forsyth street, nearing completion. Call upon W. A. Hemphill, Business Manager.

feb28-tf.

Have Your Lawns Trimmed.

You can go to the lawns fair and have your flowers and lawns cared for during the summer season. For terms call on J. C. Bucher at New Seed Store, 19 South Broad street.

tri-sun-thur

A TRANSFORMATION.

Ponce De Leon to be a Great Amusement Center.

The Atlanta Amusement Company is to transform Ponce De Leon springs and make the place attractive. The grounds are to be remodeled with drives and walks, a club house is to be built and attention will be given to the needs of bicyclists for as long a spurt as they can ask. A house will also be built for the use of bicyclists, which will be at one of the houses. A large force will be put at work tomorrow, and those who have leased the place say that the buildings and performances will be pushed with all the rapidity necessary to finish the undertaking at a very early day.

Wet weather stopped the plows from moving in, and the farmers were unable to get the first part of last week, but after the rain the farmers soon caught up with their work. The corn crop is in full bloom and looks very nicely. Most all of the cotton has been harvested. Some has died, but has been replanted. Garden truck and sugarcane are doing well. Sweet potato slips are still being set out. Some are using new crop of Irish.

Barring the cool nights the weather in southwest Georgia has been generally good.

Many are plowing corn in the same fields they have been raising on the vines and will be plowed from the present outlook.

In the southern counties cotton and corn are somewhat backward on account of the weather. Cotton is in full average condition, though it is growing somewhat slowly owing to the cool nights. Cotton chopping is now about ended. Early oats are in good condition, though they have not yet begun cutting this week. Oats generally fair for a good yield, except that where planted it is growing too fast on the vines and will be plowed from the present outlook.

In the northern counties cotton and corn are in good condition, though they have not yet begun cutting this week. Oats generally fair for a good yield, except that where planted it is growing too fast on the vines and will be plowed from the present outlook.

Customer says: "I have decided to take that buggy and harness I was looking at this morning."

"All right; we will have it fitted up properly, so you can get it in time for afternoon drive."

Our goods are easily sold.

Standard Wagon Co., 38 and 40 Walton St.

The great Kidney and Bladder Remedy.

It purifies the blood.

Relieves pain in the back and sides.

Gives tone to the bladder.

Stimulates the kidneys.

Cures brick dust deposit.

Aids digestion and increases the appetite, and does all that is claimed for it as a kidney and bladder remedy.

If you have urinary trouble of any kind

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Gin and Buchu

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